

# Acciona Samsung Bouygues Joint Venture (ASBJV)

## WestConnex M4-M5 Link Project

Ambient Air Quality and Weather Monitoring

Validated Report

1<sup>st</sup> May 2022 – 31<sup>st</sup> May 2022

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Revision History			
Revision	Report ID	Date	Analyst
0	DAT18443	15/06/2022	Nafise Kazemi
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Refer to Appendix 3 for details of amendments.

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The WestConnex M4-M5 Link project is being constructed in two stages:

- Stage 1: WCX M4-M5 Link Mainline Tunnels
- Stage 2: Rozelle Interchange.

This Monthly Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Report is specific to Stage 1 of the project, which generally comprises twin mainline motorway tunnels between the M4 at Haberfield and the M8 at St Peters. Each tunnel would be around 7.5 kilometres long and would generally accommodate up to four lanes of traffic in each direction.

WCX M4-M5 Link Mainline tunnels air quality is monitored by hundreds of sensors and measures various pollutants across three main areas:

- Ambient air - air quality in the areas around the WCX M4-M5 Link Mainline tunnels
- Ventilation - air quality around the ventilation stacks
- In Tunnel - air quality inside the tunnels and portals (entrances to the tunnel)

This Report details ambient air measurements. It is part of the commitment to the Minister and the community to report air quality measurements in real-time (raw data as the measurements occur) as well as validated reports. It is important to re-publish the data in reports because the raw data needs to be checked and collated by approved air quality experts and 'translated' into a format that is easy to understand and can be interpreted by both experts and laypeople.

This report details results at four external ambient air quality monitoring stations located at Albert Street, Campbell St, Ramsay Street and Wattle Street between 1<sup>st</sup> May 2022 and 31<sup>th</sup> May 2022.

### *Report Summary*

Air quality sensors and related equipment were operating for the full month in WCX Albert Street, Campbell Street and Wattle Street stations although there were some instrumentation issues (called 'Exceptions') during this time.

The data capture was below 95 percent for all WCX Ramsay Street station parameters in this report due to power issue as shown in Table 13.

There was a PM<sub>10</sub> 24-hourly exceedance of the air quality goals at the WCX Albert Street for the reporting month. Please refer to Tables 14-17 in Section 5.2 – Air Quality Monthly Summary for further information.

The reasons for the exceptions are reported in Tables 19-22 and were mainly due to equipment requiring adjustment.

## 1.0 Introduction

Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) was commissioned by Acciona Samsung Bouygues Joint Venture (ASBJV) to provide monitoring and data reporting for the WCX M4-M5 Link Project ambient air quality and weather monitoring network, located as detailed in Table 1. Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) commenced data collection in November 2021.

This report presents the available data for May 2022.

The data presented in this report:

- Describes air quality measurements;
- Compares monitoring results;
- Has been quality assured;
- Complies with NATA accreditation requirements, where applicable.

## 2.0 Monitoring and Data Collection

### 2.1. Siting Details

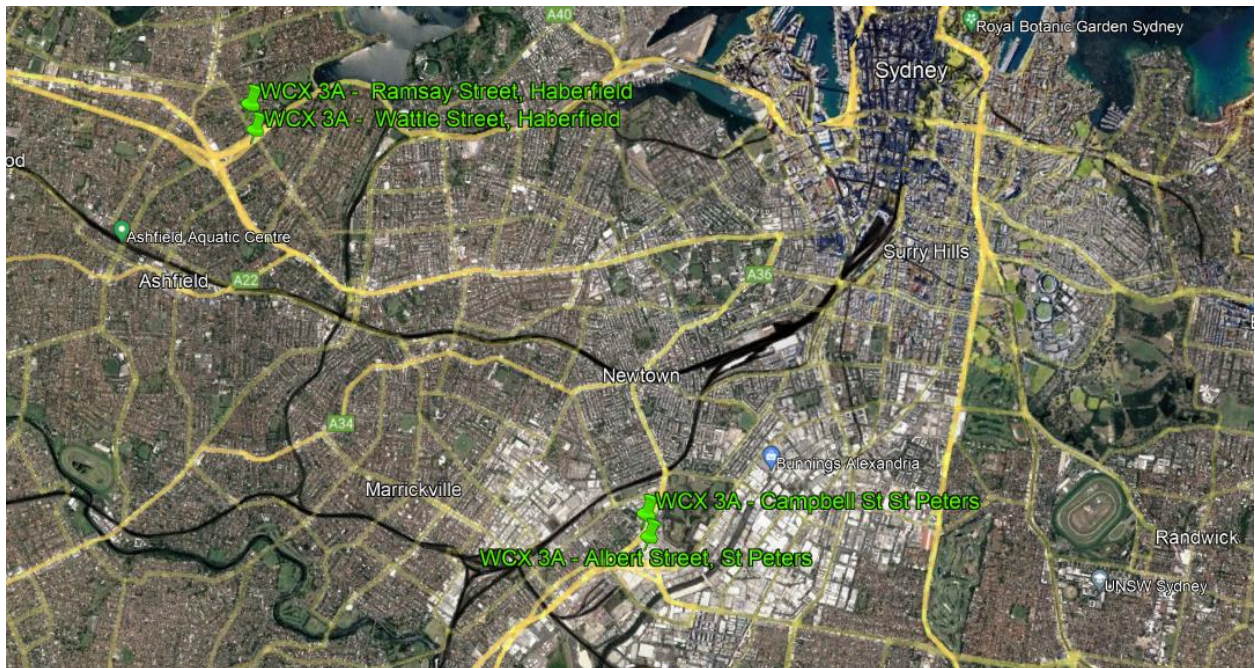
The WCX M4-M5 Link Project monitoring network consists of four ambient air quality and weather monitoring stations. The stations' location and siting details are described below.

**Table 1: WCX M4-M5 Link Project monitoring sites' locations**

Site Name	Geographical Coordinates	Height Above Sea Level (m)
Albert Street	33°54'52.07"S, 151°10'45.07"E	12
Campbell Street	33°54'44.71"S, 151°10'43.76"E	15
Ramsay Street	33°52'26.20"S, 151°8'1.50"E	4
Wattle Street	33°52'32.88"S, 151° 8'2.67"E	16

A siting audit to assess sites for compliance with *AS/NZS 3580.1.1:2016* and *AS/NZS 3580.14:2014* have been completed as follows:

- Albert Street on 28/10/2021
- Campbell Street on 11/01/2022
- Ramsay Street on 17/11/2021
- Wattle Street on 02/11/2021



**Figure 1: WCX M4-M5 Link Project Monitoring Station Locations**



### 2.2. Monitored Parameters

Tables 2-4 below detail the parameters monitored and the instruments used at the WCX M4-M5 Link Project monitoring stations. Appendix 1 defines any abbreviated parameter names used throughout the report.

**Table 2: Parameters measured at the WCX - Albert Street and Wattle Street monitoring stations**

Station(s)	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique	Elevation
Albert Street Wattle Street	CO	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) Serinus 30 – NDIR gas filter correlation infrared photometry	2 m
	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) Serinus 40 – gas phase chemiluminescence	2 m
	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Met One BAM 1020 – Beta ray attenuation	2 m
	PM <sub>10</sub>	Thermo – 1405 TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance)	2m
	Differential Temperature (Elevation 2m)	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) E031220	2 m
	Differential Temperature (Elevation 10m)	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) E031220	10 m
	Wind Speed (Horizontal, elevation 10m)	Gill Windsonic Op3	10 m
	Wind Direction (elevation 10m)	Gill Windsonic Op3	10 m
	Sigma	Calculation	-

Table 3: Parameters measured at the WCX – Campbell Street monitoring station

Station(s)	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique	Elevation
Campbell Street	CO	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) Serinus 30 – NDIR gas filter correlation infrared photometry	2 m
	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) Serinus 40 – gas phase chemiluminescence	2 m
	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Met One BAM 1020 – Beta ray attenuation	2 m
	PM <sub>10</sub>	Thermo – 1400 ab TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance)	2m
	Differential Temperature (Elevation 2m)	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) E031220	2 m
	Differential Temperature (Elevation 10m)	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) E031220	10 m
	Wind Speed (Horizontal, elevation 10m)	Gill Windsonic Op3	10 m
	Wind Direction (elevation 10m)	Gill Windsonic Op3	10 m
	Sigma	Calculation	-

Table 4: Parameters measured at the WCX – Ramsay Street monitoring station

Station(s)	Parameter Measured	Instrument and Measurement Technique	Elevation
Ramsay Street	CO	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) Serinus 30 – NDIR gas filter correlation infrared photometry	2 m
	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) Serinus 40 – gas phase chemiluminescence	2 m
	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Met One BAM 1020 – Beta ray attenuation	2 m
	PM <sub>10</sub>	Thermo – 1400 ab TEOM (Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance)	2m
	Differential Temperature (Elevation 2m)	Met One 062MP	2 m
	Differential Temperature (Elevation 10m)	Met One 062MP	10 m
	Wind Speed (Horizontal, elevation 10m)	Gill Windsonic Op3	10 m
	Wind Direction (elevation 10m)	Gill Windsonic Op3	10 m
	Sigma	Calculation	-

### 2.3. Data Collection Methods

Table 5 below shows the methods used for data collection.

**Table 5: Methods**

Parameter Measured	Data Collection Methods Used	Description of Method
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	AS 3580.5.1 - 2011	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air - Method 5.1: Determination of oxides of nitrogen-Chemiluminescence method
CO	AS 3580.7.1 - 2011	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 7.1: Determination of carbon monoxide—Direct-reading instrumental method
PM <sub>10</sub> (TEOM)	AS 3580.9.8-2008	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 9.8: Determination of suspended particulate matter - PM <sub>10</sub> continuous direct mass method using a tapered element oscillating microbalance analyser.
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (BAM 1020)	AS/NZS 3580.9.12-2013 <sup>1</sup>	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient Air - Method 9.12: Determination of suspended particulate matter—PM <sub>2.5</sub> beta attenuation monitors
Vector Wind Speed (Horizontal)	AS 2923-1987 <sup>2</sup>	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
Vector Wind Direction	AS 2923-1987 <sup>3</sup>	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
Sigma	AS 2923-1987 <sup>3</sup>	Methods of sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications
Atmospheric Temperature	USEPA (2000) EPA 454/R-99-005 <sup>3</sup>	Methods for sampling and analysis of ambient air. Method 14: Meteorological monitoring for ambient air quality monitoring applications

<sup>1</sup> As approved by the Department of Planning and Environment on 30<sup>th</sup> August 2021.

<sup>2</sup> Superseded by AS/NZ 3580.14 2014 but specifically referenced in ministerial conditions.

<sup>3</sup> Superseded by AS/NZ 3580.14 2014 but specifically referenced in ministerial conditions.

Note: Two different measurement techniques are used for monitoring PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> at the WCX M4-M5 Link Project Stations. Studies conducted in Canada, the United States and other countries have found that the Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) monitors can under report concentrations compared to the Beta Attenuation Monitors (BAM), especially when the air contains a large proportion of semi-volatile particulate matter, which may be the case during cooler seasons when the air contains less coarse dust and a greater proportion of semi-volatile organic compounds such as those associated with wood smoke. As a result, it is normal to see occasional periods where PM<sub>10</sub> < PM<sub>2.5</sub> and this situation does not necessarily indicate a fault with either instrument.

### 2.3.1. NATA Endorsement and Conformity with Standards

Unless stated below, parameters are monitored at the WCX M4-M5 Link Project Stations according to the stated methods detailed in Table 5 above.

### 2.3.2. Data Acquisition

Data acquisition is performed using a PC based WinAQMS logger (using WinAQMS® Version 2.0) and Congrego logger situated at each of the monitoring sites. Each logger is equipped with a 3G modem for remote data collection. The recorded data is remotely collected from the Air Quality Monitoring Station (AQMS) loggers on a daily basis (using Airodis™ version 5.2) and stored at Acoem Australasia (Ecotech)'s Environmental Reporting Services (ERS) department in Melbourne, Australia. Data samples are logged in 5-minute intervals.

## 2.4. Data Validation and Reporting

### 2.4.1. Validation

The Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) ERS department performs daily data checks to ensure maximum data capture rates are maintained. Any equipment failures are communicated to the responsible field engineers for urgent rectification. Acoem Australasia (Ecotech) ERS maintains two distinct databases containing non-validated and validated data respectively.

The validated database is created by duplicating the non-validated database and then flagging data affected by instrument faults, calibrations and other maintenance activities. The data validation software requires the analyst to supply a valid reason (e.g., backed by maintenance notes, calibration sheets etc.) in the database for flagging any data as invalid.

Details of all invalid or missing data are recorded in the Valid Data Exception Tables.

Validation is performed by the analyst, and the validation is reviewed. Graphs and tables are generated based on the validated five minutes and one-hour data as appropriate.

### 2.4.2. Reporting

Data is reported in four Microsoft Excel format files named:

- *WCX M4-M5 Link Albert St Monthly Data Report May 2022.xls*
- *WCX M4-M5 Link Campbell St Monthly Data Report May 2022.xls*
- *WCX M4-M5 Link Ramsay St Monthly Data Report May 2022.xls*
- *WCX M4-M5 Link Wattle St Monthly Data Report May 2022.xls*

Each Excel file consists of 6 worksheets:

1. Cover
2. Contents
3. 5 Minute Data
4. 1 Hour Data
5. 24-hour Data
6. Valid Data Exception Report

The data contained in this report is based on Australian Eastern Standard Time.

All averages are calculated from the five-minute and the one-hour data. Averages are based on a minimum of 75% valid readings within the averaging period. Where data capture is low for a particular parameter, summary values (e.g., monthly maximum and minimum) may be based on less than 75% valid samples. The reader should use caution when interpreting these values as they may not be representative of conditions for the entire sample period.

Averaging periods of eight hours or less are reported for the end of the period, i.e., the hourly average 02:00am is for the data collected from 1:00am to 2:00am. One-hour averages are calculated based on a clock hour. One day averages are calculated based on calendar days.

**Table 6: Automatic Span / Zero/ Stabilisation and Background checks at WestConnex M4-M5 Link stations**

Station	Parameter	Span / Zero / Stabilisation	Background
Albert St.	NO / NO <sub>2</sub> / NO <sub>x</sub>	01:00 – 01:25	n/a
	CO	01:00 – 01:25	23:55 – 00:00
Campbell St.	NO / NO <sub>2</sub> / NO <sub>x</sub>	01:00 – 01:45	n/a
	CO	01:00 – 01:45	23:45 – 23:50
Ramsay St.	NO / NO <sub>2</sub> / NO <sub>x</sub>	00:45 – 01:05	n/a
	CO	00:45 – 01:05	23:45 – 23:50
Wattle St.	NO / NO <sub>2</sub> / NO <sub>x</sub>	01:00 – 01:25	n/a
	CO	01:00 – 01:25	23:45 – 23:50

### 3.0 Air Quality Goals

The air quality goals and criteria for pollutants monitored at the WCX M4-M5 Link Project ambient monitoring sites are based on SSI 7485 Planning Approval Condition E6. The air quality goals and criteria are shown in Table 7 below.

**Table 7: WCX M4-M5 Link Project - Air Quality Goals**

Parameter	Time Period	Goal Level	Units
CO	8 hours (rolling, based on 1-hour averages)	9.0	ppm
NO <sub>2</sub>	1 hour	0.12	ppm
PM <sub>10</sub>	1 day	50	µg/m <sup>3</sup>
	1 year	25	µg/m <sup>3</sup>
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	1 day	25	µg/m <sup>3</sup>
	1 year	8	µg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Note:**

This table includes all valid data points that exceed the defined air quality standards. The Ambient Air Quality NEPM includes a provision for excluding 1-day PM<sub>10</sub> or PM<sub>2.5</sub> averages associated with “exceptional events” from the total exceedances of the Air Quality standard. The definition of an “exceptional event” is included below for reference. It is the responsibility of the end user of this data to evaluate whether any reported exceedances are associated with exceptional events and are eligible to be excluded from the exceedance total. Monitoring and reporting of exceedances during the operational project will be in accordance with the Planning Approval Conditions E10, E11 and E12.

As per the Ambient Air Quality NEPM, **Exceptional event** means a fire or dust occurrence that adversely affects air quality at a particular location, and causes an exceedance of 1 day average standards in excess of normal historical fluctuations and background levels, and is directly related to: bushfire; jurisdiction authorised hazard reduction burning; or continental scale windblown dust.



## 4.0 Calibrations and Maintenance

### 4.1. Units and Uncertainties

The uncertainties for each parameter have been determined by the manufacturer’s tolerance limits of the equipment’s parameters, and by the data collection standard method.

The reported uncertainties are expanded uncertainties, calculated using coverage factors which give a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

**Table 8: Units and Uncertainties**

Parameter	Units	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement Range <sup>4</sup>
NO, NO <sub>x</sub> (S40)	ppm	0.001 ppm	± (6% of reading + 0.011 ppm) k factor of 2.0	0 to 0.5 ppm LDL = 0.0004 ppm
NO <sub>2</sub> (S40)	ppm	0.001 ppm	± (6% of reading + 0.011 ppm) k factor of 2.0	0 to 0.5 ppm LDL = 0.0004 ppm
CO (S30)	ppm	0.1 ppm	± (7% of reading + 0.8 ppm) k factor of 2.0	0 to 50 ppm LDL = 0.04 ppm
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (BAM1020)	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	24Hr: ± (5.5% of reading + 4.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (in range 0 - 100 µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) Hr: ± (8% of reading + 8.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) k factor of 2.0	0 to 1000 µg/m <sup>3</sup> LDL <sub>24hr</sub> = 1.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup> LDL <sub>hr</sub> = 4.8 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
PM <sub>10</sub> (TEOM)	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.1 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	± 5.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup> or 3.6% of reading, whichever is the greater K factor of 2.0	0 to 1 g/m <sup>3</sup> LDL = 5 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
Vector Wind Speed	m/s	0.1 m/s	± 0.4 m/s or 2 % of reading, whichever is greater K factor of 2.0	0 to 30 m/s
Vector Wind Direction	Deg	1 deg	± 4 deg K factor of 2.0	0 to 360 deg <i>Starting threshold:</i> 0 m/s

<sup>4</sup> Uncertainties may not be calculated based on the full measurement range. The max measurement range for gas analysers is defined as the full scale (FS=Span/0.8).

Parameter	Units	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement Range <sup>4</sup>
Ambient Temperature	°K	0.1°K	± 0.6°K K factor of 2.0	263.15°C to 323.15°C

## 4.2. Maintenance

### 4.2.1. Calibration & Maintenance Summary Tables

The last calibrations for the following parameters were performed on the indicated dates. Data supplied after this time is subject to further validation, to be performed at the next calibration cycle.

Note: Maintenance and calibration dates may differ, as calibrations may be less frequent than scheduled maintenance visits.

Tables 9-12 indicate when the particulate and gas and meteorological equipment were last maintained/calibrated.

**Table 9: WCX Albert Street Maintenance Table May 2022**

Parameter	Date of Last Scheduled Maintenance	Maintenance Type <sup>5</sup>	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	12/05/22	6 Monthly	12/05/22	Monthly
CO	12/05/22	6 Monthly	12/05/22	Monthly
PM <sub>10</sub>	12/05/22	6 Monthly	27/10/21	Yearly
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	12/05/22	6 Monthly	27/10/21	Yearly
WS/WD/Sigma	12/05/22	3 Monthly	16/06/21 <sup>6</sup>	2 Yearly
Differential Temperature 2m	12/05/22	6 Monthly	12/05/22	6 Monthly
Differential Temperature 10m	12/05/22	6 Monthly	12/05/22	6 Monthly

<sup>5</sup> Additional visits may have been made as required.

<sup>6</sup> Wind sensor calibrated on 16/06/21 and installed at this site on 27/10/21.

Table 10: WCX Campbell Street Maintenance Table May 2022

Parameter	Date of Last Scheduled Maintenance	Maintenance Type <sup>7</sup>	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	13/05/22	Monthly	13/05/22	Monthly
CO	13/05/22	Monthly	13/05/22	Monthly
PM <sub>10</sub>	13/05/22	Monthly	10/01/22	Yearly
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	13/05/22	2 Monthly	11/01/22	Yearly
WS/WD/Sigma	13/05/22	Monthly	23/03/21 <sup>8</sup>	2 Yearly
Differential Temperature 2m	13/05/22	Monthly	20/01/22	6 Monthly
Differential Temperature 10m	13/05/22	Monthly	20/01/22	6 Monthly

<sup>7</sup> Additional visits may have been made as required.

<sup>8</sup> Wind sensor calibrated on 23/03/21 and installed at this site on 10/06/21.

**Table 11: WCX Ramsay Street Maintenance Table May 2022**

Parameter	Date of Last Scheduled Maintenance	Maintenance Type <sup>9</sup>	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	27/05/22	6 Monthly	27/05/22	Monthly
CO	05/05/22	6 Monthly	05/05/22	Monthly
PM <sub>10</sub>	10/05/22	6 Monthly	16/11/21	Yearly
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	10/05/22	6 Monthly	16/11/21	Yearly
WS/WD/Sigma	10/05/22	3 Monthly	24/02/22 <sup>10</sup>	2 Yearly
Differential Temperature 2m	10/05/22	6 Monthly	10/05/22	6 Monthly
Differential Temperature 10m	10/05/22	6 Monthly	10/05/22	6 Monthly

<sup>9</sup> Additional visits may have been made as required.

<sup>10</sup> Wind sensor calibrated on 24/02/22 and installed at this site on 10/05/22.

Table 12: WCX Wattle Street Maintenance Table May 2022

Parameter	Date of Last Scheduled Maintenance	Maintenance Type <sup>11</sup>	Date of Last Calibration	Calibration Cycle
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	16/05/22	6 Monthly	16/05/22	Monthly
CO	16/05/22	6 Monthly	16/05/22	Monthly
PM <sub>10</sub>	16/05/22	6 Monthly	01/11/21	Yearly
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	16/05/22	6 Monthly	01/11/21	Yearly
WS/WD/Sigma	16/05/22	3 Monthly	15/06/21 <sup>12</sup>	2 Yearly
Differential Temperature 2m	16/05/22	6 Monthly	16/05/22	16/05/22
Differential Temperature 10m	16/05/22	6 Monthly	16/05/22	16/05/22

<sup>11</sup> Additional visits may have been made as required.

<sup>12</sup> Wind sensor calibrated on 15/06/21 and installed at this site on 01/11/21.

## 5.0 Results

### 5.1. Data Capture

Valid data capture refers to the amount of valid data collected during the report period. It is based on 5-minute data, for gaseous and meteorological parameters and 1-hour data for particulate parameters.

The percentage of valid data captured is calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{Valid Data capture} = (\text{Reported air quality data} / \text{Total data}) \times 100\%$$

Where:

- Reported air quality data = Number of samples (instrument readings) which have been validated through a quality assured process and excludes all data errors, zero data collection due to calibration, equipment failures, planned and unplanned maintenance.
- Total data = Total number of samples (instrument readings) expected for the sampling period. Total data is calculated based on the same averaging period as “reported air quality data” and the duration of the corresponding report period. e.g., for 5-minute data collected over a month of 31 days, the total data would be equal to 12 (5-minute samples in an hour) x 24 (hours in a day) x 31 (days in a month) = 8928 samples.

Table 13 below displays data capture statistics for May 2022. **Bold** values in the table indicate data capture below 95%.

Details of all invalid or missing data affecting data capture are included in the Valid Data Exception Tables, see section 6.0.

**Table 13: Data Capture for WCX M4-M5 Link Project Ambient Air Quality Network**

Parameter	Data Capture (%)			
	Albert Street	Campbell Street	Ramsay Street	Wattle Street
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	99.3	99.5	<b>86.7</b>	98.7
PM <sub>10</sub>	99.3	99.6	<b>65.1</b>	98.8
CO	96.7	95.8	<b>83.0</b>	95.9
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	97.3	96.1	<b>82.1</b>	96.7
WS, WD, Sigma	95.8	99.6	<b>86.2</b>	98.8
AT 2m	99.4	99.6	<b>86.7</b>	98.3
AT 10m	99.4	99.6	<b>86.7</b>	98.3



### 5.2. Air Quality Monthly Summary

Tables 14-17 below include a summary of any exceedances recorded at the WCX M4-M5 Link Project stations during the reported period<sup>13</sup>.

**Table 14: WCX Albert Street Exceedances Recorded for May 2022**

Parameter	Time Period	Value of Exceedance	Date of Exceedance
NO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	1 hour	-	-
CO (ppm)	8-hour rolling	-	-
PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	50.1	14/05/2022
	Annual <sup>14</sup>	-	-
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>15</sup>	-	-

<sup>13</sup> Exceedances are based on the decimal places reported.

<sup>14</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

<sup>15</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

**Table 15: WCX Campbell Street Exceedances Recorded for May 2022**

Parameter	Time Period	Value of Exceedance	Date of Exceedance
NO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	1 hour	-	-
CO (ppm)	8-hour rolling	-	-
PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>16</sup>	-	-
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>17</sup>	-	-

<sup>16</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

<sup>17</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

**Table 16: WCX Ramsay Street Exceedances Recorded for May 2022**

Parameter	Time Period	Value of Exceedance	Date of Exceedance
NO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	1 hour	-	-
CO (ppm)	8-hour rolling	-	-
PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>18</sup>	-	-
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>19</sup>	-	-

<sup>18</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

<sup>19</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

**Table 17: WCX Wattle Street Exceedances Recorded for May 2022**

Parameter	Time Period	Value of Exceedance	Date of Exceedance
NO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	1 hour	-	-
CO (ppm)	8-hour rolling	-	-
PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>20</sup>	-	-
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	24-hour	-	-
	Annual <sup>21</sup>	-	-

<sup>20</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

<sup>21</sup> Insufficient data to report annual average in 2022, any exceedances will be included in December 2022 report.

### 5.3. Tabulated data

#### 5.3.1. Annual average

Table 18 displays monthly averages of the PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> parameters collected at WCX M4-M5 Link ambient air monitoring stations for 2022. Averages shown are for the 2021 calendar year, up to the current reported month. Table requires at least 75% valid data to display a monthly average. Footer values are based on all available data for 2022 rather than the average of individual months. This gives an indication of performance against the annual objectives.

**Table 18: PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> averages at the WCX M4-M5 Link ambient air monitoring stations 2022**

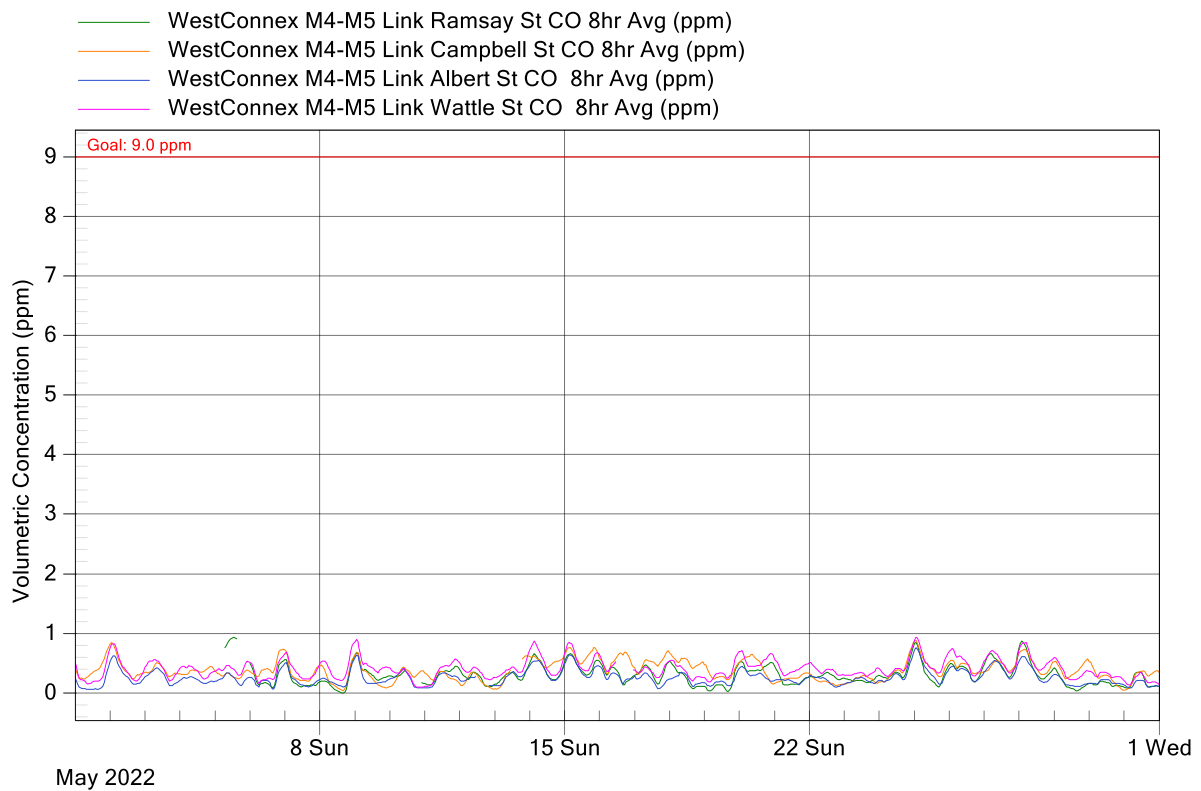
Month	Albert Street		Campbell Street		Ramsay Street		Wattle Street	
	PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>10</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Jan-22	19.5	4.8	15.9	5.5	13.5	3.9	18.9	4.9
Feb-22	20.3	6.2	16.9	6.8	16.0	5.0	20.1	6.7
Mar-22	16.2	3.8	13.5	5.0	-	-	15.8	5.1
Apr-22	14.6	5.5	12.0	5.9	-	-	15.3	5.7
May-22	16.2	6.8	13.1	6.8		6.1	16.4	6.3
Jun-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jul-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aug-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sep-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oct-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nov-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dec-22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average	17.4	5.4	14.3	6.0	14.7	5.0	17.3	5.8

### 5.4. Graphic Representations

This section displays graphs of the pollutants and meteorological parameters monitored at the WCX M4-M5 Link Project for May 2022. The graphs are based on validated 5 minutes or 1-hour data as appropriate.

### CO 8-Hour (Rolling, based on 1-Hour Averages)

May 2022



**Figure 2: WCX M4-M5 Link Project Air Monitoring Stations - CO 8-Hour Rolling Graph for May 2022**

### NO<sub>2</sub> 1-Hour Averages

May 2022

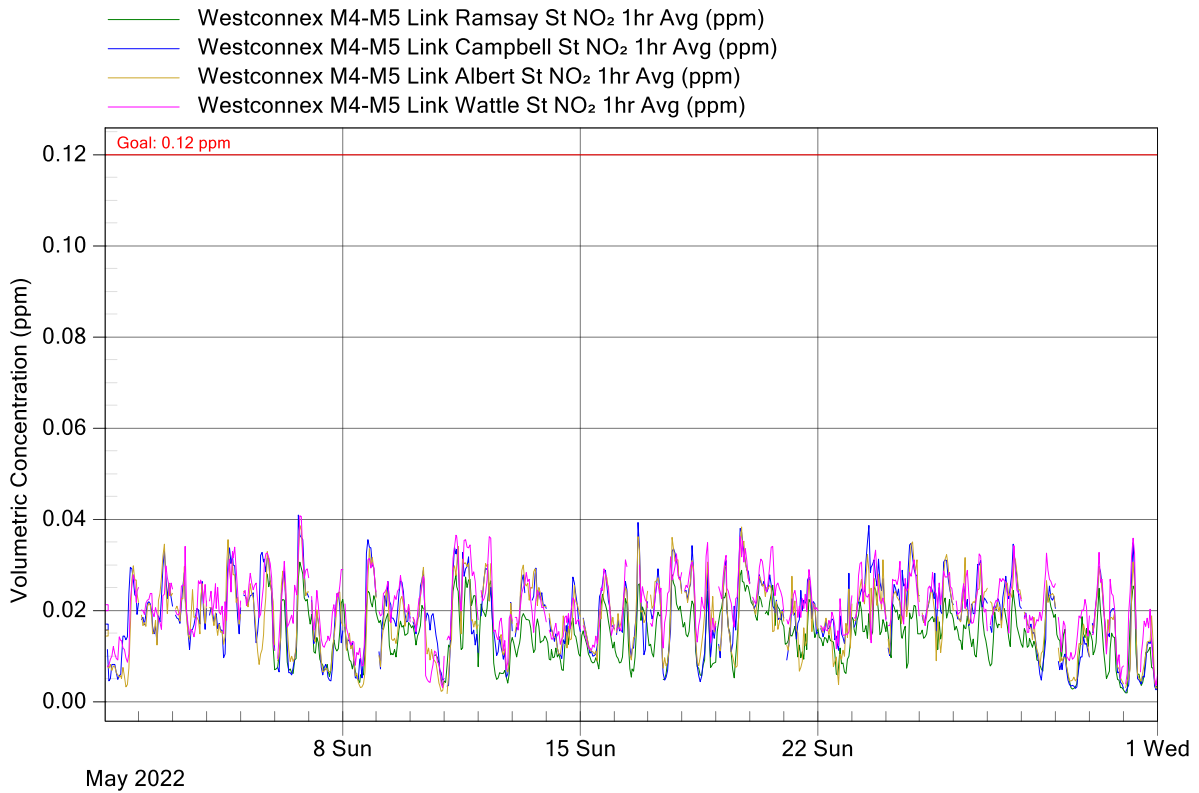


Figure 3: WCX M4-M5 Link Project Air Monitoring Stations - NO<sub>2</sub> 1-Hour Averages Graph for May 2022

### PM<sub>10</sub> 24-Hour Averages

May 2022

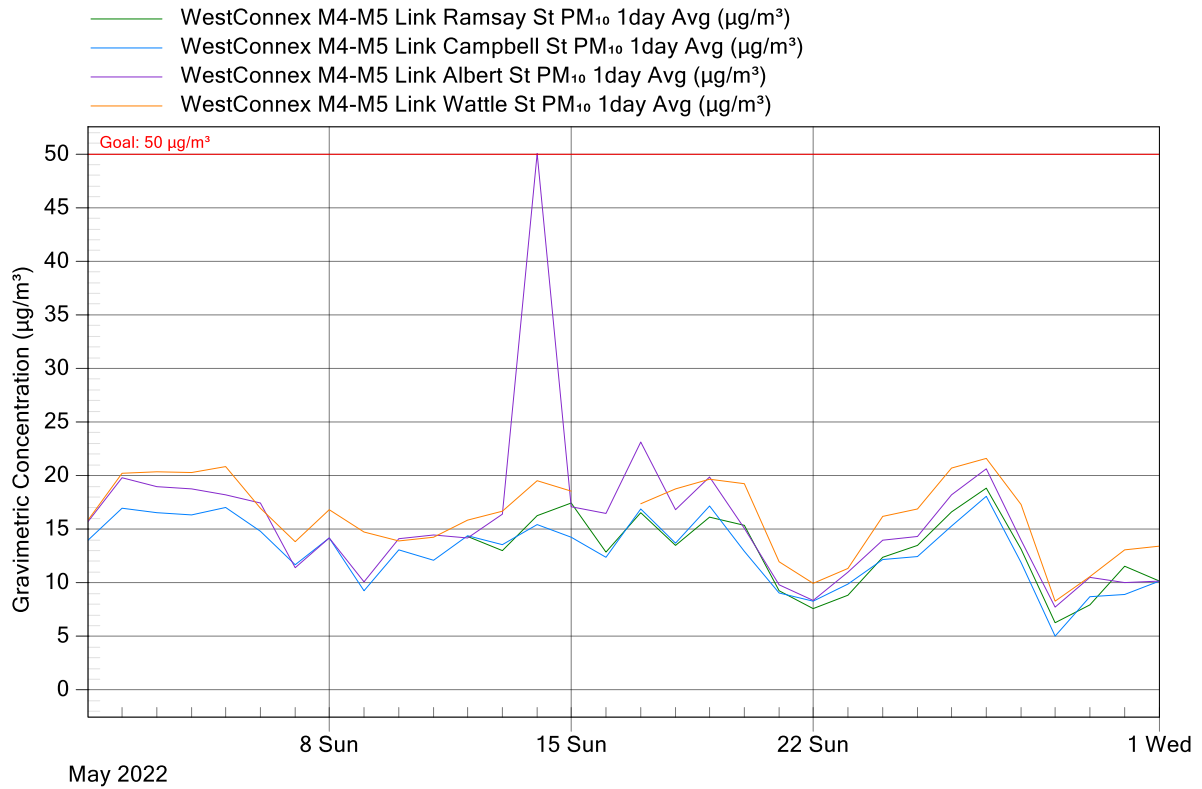


Figure 4: WCX M4-M5 Link Project Air Monitoring Stations - PM<sub>10</sub> 24-Hour Averages Graph for May 2022



### PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24-Hour Averages

May 2022

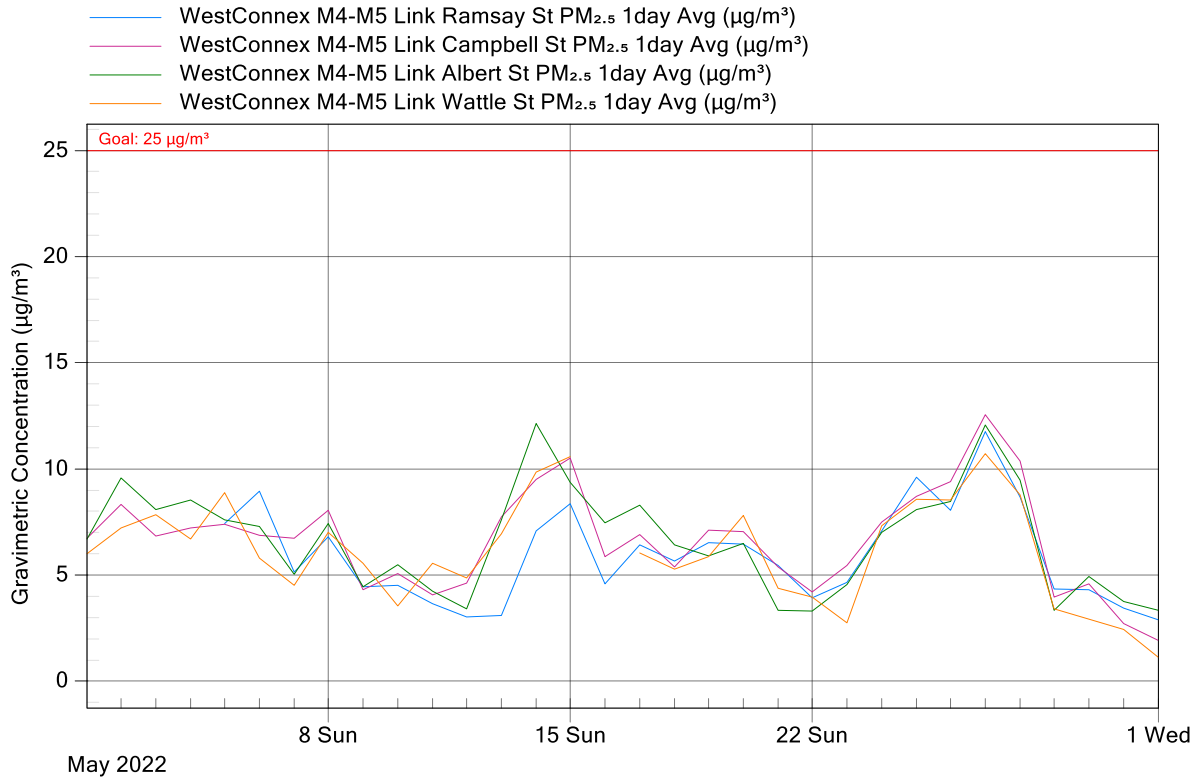
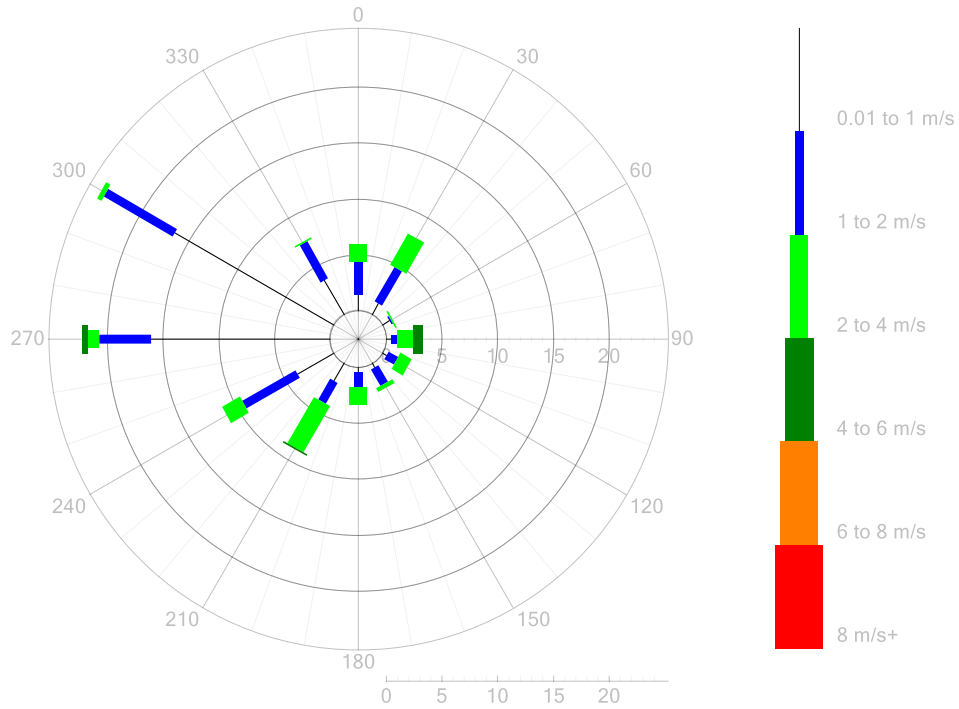


Figure 5: WCX M4-M5 Link Project Air Monitoring Stations - PM<sub>2.5</sub> 24-Hour Averages Graph for May 2022

### Albert St - Wind Rose (1-Hour Averages)

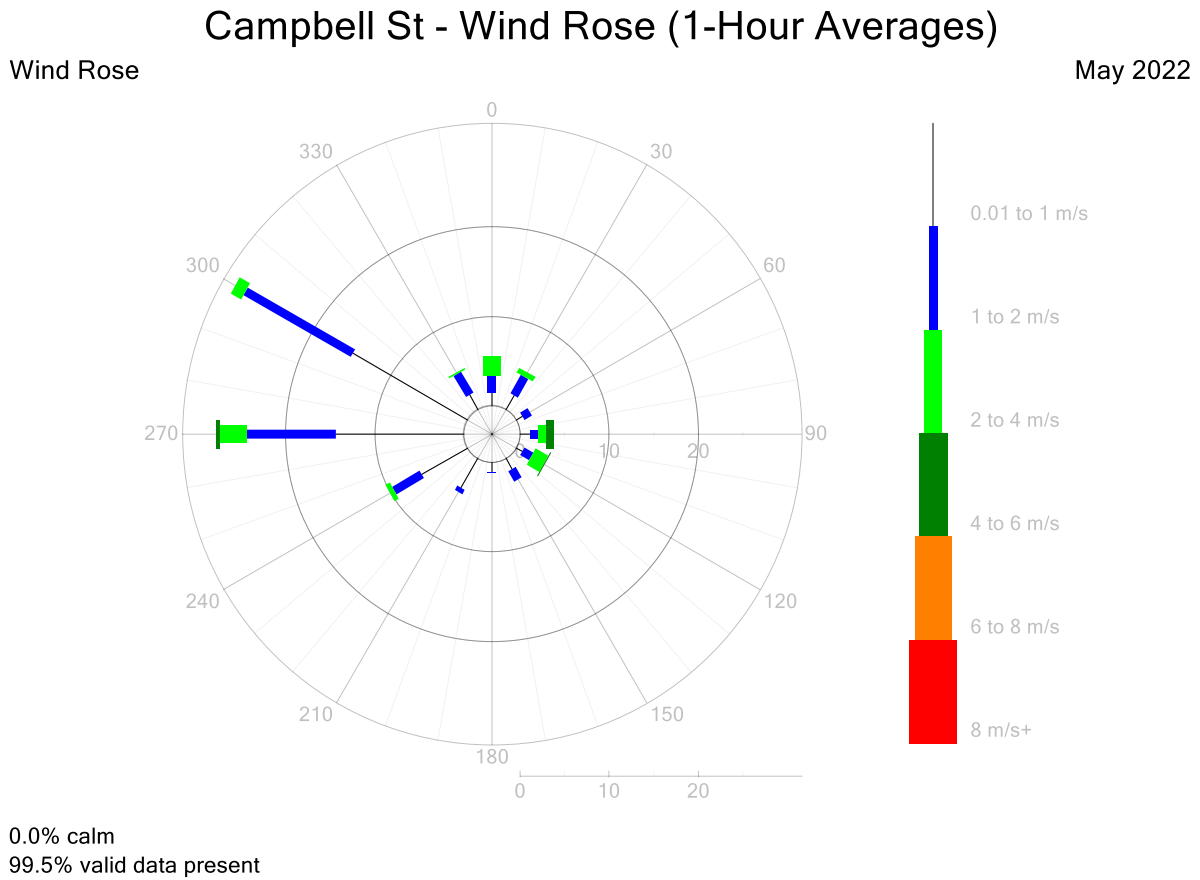
Wind Rose

May 2022



0.0% calm  
95.7% valid data present

Figure 6: WCX Albert Street – Wind Rose for May 2022

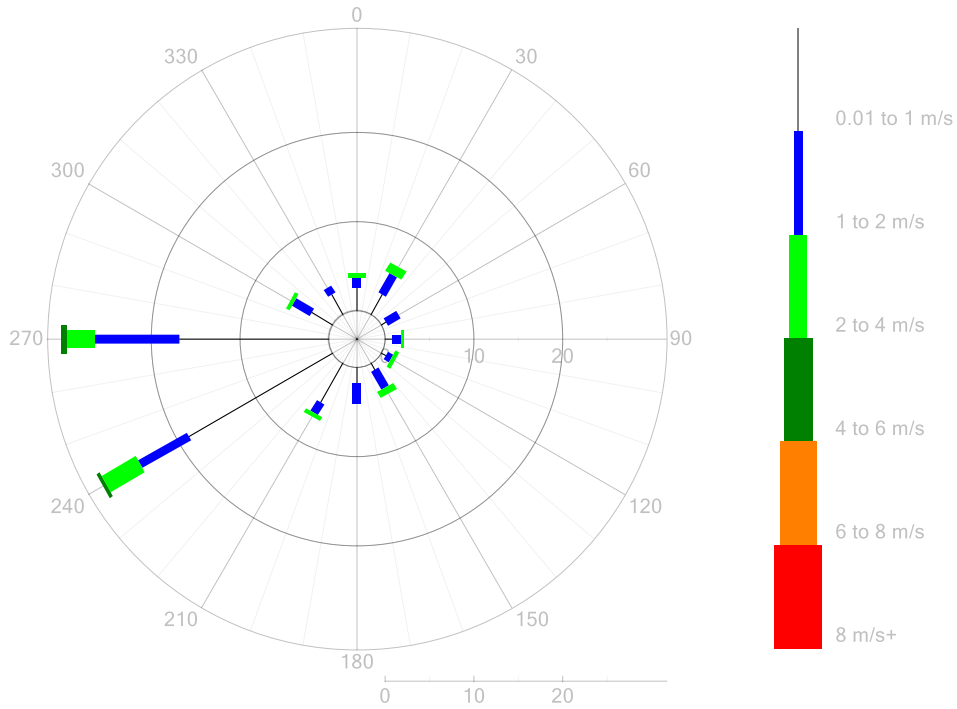


**Figure 7: WCX Campbell Street – Wind Rose for May 2022**

### Ramsay St - Wind Rose (1-Hour Averages)

Wind Rose

May 2022



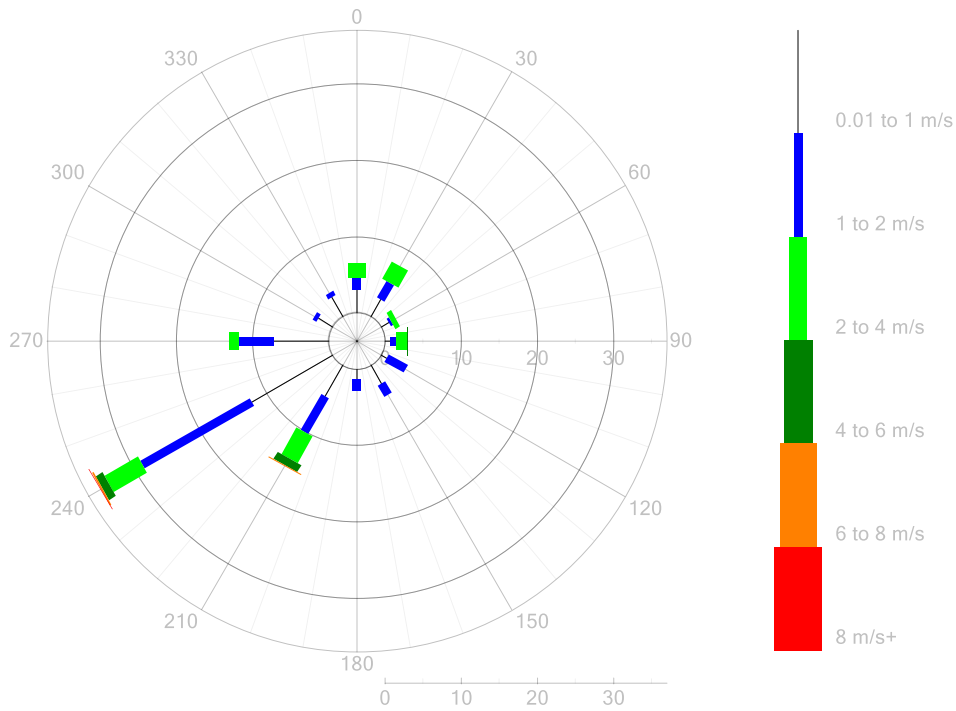
0.0% calm  
85.6% valid data present

Figure 8: WCX Ramsay Street – Wind Rose for May 2022

### Wattle St - Wind Rose (1-Hour Averages)

Wind Rose

May 2022



0.0% calm  
98.7% valid data present

Figure 9: WCX Wattle Street – Wind Rose for May 2022

## 6.0 Valid Data Exception Tables

Tables 19–22 below detail all changes made to the raw data set during the validation process. An explanation of reasons given in the table can be found in Appendix 2.

**Table 19: WCX Albert Street Valid Data Exception Table**

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
01/05/22 01:00	31/05/22 01:25	Automatic span and zero checks, once daily from 01:00 to 01:25	CO, NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
01/05/22 23:55	01/05/22 00:00	Background checks, once daily for 5 to 10 minutes	CO	NK	15/06/22
12/05/22 10:00	12/05/22 15:00	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance - Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	15/06/22
23/05/22 09:50	24/05/22 12:30	Instrument fault - data flatline	WS, WD, Sigma	NK	15/06/22

**Table 20: WCX Campbell Street Valid Data Exception Table**

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
01/05/22 01:00	31/05/22 01:45	Automatic span and zero checks, once daily from 01:00 to 01:45	CO, NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
01/05/22 23:45	31/05/22 23:45	Background checks, once daily for 5 minutes	CO	NK	15/06/22
06/05/22 01:50	06/05/22 23:40	Linear offset applied as required to correct unstable baseline. A value 0 ppm and B value -0.7 ppm	CO	NK	15/06/22
09/05/22 01:50	20/05/22 23:40	Intermittent static offsets applied as required to correct unstable baseline. Values range from +0.14 ppm to +0.45 ppm	CO	NK	15/06/22
13/05/22 10:00	13/05/22 13:20	Scheduled 2 monthly maintenance - Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisations	All parameters	NK	15/06/22
16/05/22 11:35	31/05/22 12:35	Intermittent unrealistic negative readings	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22

**Table 21: WCX Ramsay Street Valid Data Exception Table**

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
01/05/22 00:00	04/05/22 12:00	Station offline due to no power	All parameters	NK	15/06/22
04/05/22 12:00	04/05/22 17:10	Non-scheduled maintenance - Turning on the instruments followed by stabilisations	All parameters	NK	15/06/22
04/05/22 17:15	05/05/22 00:40	Instrument stabilisation	CO	NK	15/06/22
04/05/22 17:15	05/05/22 14:00	Instrument stabilisation	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
05/05/22 18:25	27/05/22 10:55	Linear multiplier applied to correct Span drift. A =1 and B =1.108	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
04/05/22 17:15	11/05/22 10:35	Intermittent fault - Needed parts to be replaced	PM <sub>10</sub>	NK	15/06/22
05/05/22 00:45	31/05/22 01:05	Automatic span and zero checks, once daily from 00:45 to 01:05 followed by instrument stabilisations	CO, NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
05/05/22 14:00	05/05/22 18:20	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance - <b>CO, NO, NO<sub>2</sub> &amp; NO<sub>x</sub></b> Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	18/07/22
05/05/22 23:45	31/05/22 23:50	Background checks, once daily for 5 to 15 minutes	CO	NK	15/06/22
06/05/22 13:20	08/05/22 06:45	Intermittent unrealistic negative readings	CO	NK	15/06/22
10/05/22 10:00	10/05/22 16:50	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance - <b>PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, AT 10m &amp; AT 2m</b> Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	18/07/22
11/05/22 00:00	11/05/22 00:00	Instrument fault - Full scale reading	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NK	15/06/22
11/05/22 10:40	11/05/22 17:20	Non-scheduled maintenance - PM <sub>10</sub> repairment and installation followed by instrument stabilisation	WS, WD, Sigma, PM <sub>10</sub>	NK	15/06/22
12/05/22 11:45	12/05/22 00:50	Unrealistic negative readings	PM <sub>10</sub>	NK	15/06/22
17/05/22 10:00	17/05/22 11:10	Remote maintenance - Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	15/06/22
20/05/22 10:20	20/05/22 10:40	Remote maintenance - Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	15/06/22

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
20/05/22 15:15	20/05/22 16:15	Intermittent unrealistic readings	WS, WD, Sigma, NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
27/05/22 10:00	27/05/22 11:35	Remote maintenance - Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	15/06/22

**Table 22: WCX Wattle Street Valid Data Exception Table**

Start Date	End Date	Reason	Change Details	User Name	Change Date
01/05/22 01:00	31/05/22 01:25	Automatic span and zero checks, once daily from 01:00 to 01:25	CO, NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
01/05/22 23:45	31/05/22 23:50	Data affected by met power supply reset every night for 5 to 10 minutes	AT 2m, AT 10m	NK	15/06/22
01/05/22 23:45	31/05/22 23:50	Background checks, once daily for 5 to 10 minutes followed by intermittent instrument stabilisations	CO	NK	15/06/22
16/05/22 10:00	16/05/22 17:15	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance - <b>PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, CO, NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, AT 2m &amp; AT 10m</b> Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	18/07/22
20/05/22 03:35	20/05/22 03:45	Instrument fault - Status error	CO, NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub>	NK	15/06/22
31/05/22 09:55	31/05/22 11:50	Scheduled 6 monthly maintenance - <b>NO, NO<sub>2</sub> &amp; NO<sub>x</sub></b> Instrument calibrations followed by instrument stabilisation	All parameters	NK	18/07/22



## 7.0 Report Summary

- Percentage availability for all parameters at WCX Albert Street, Campbell Street and Wattle Street stations was above 95% during the reporting month.
- Percentage availability for all of parameters at WCX Ramsay Street station was below 95% during the reporting month due to power issue and instrument maintenance during the month of May.

Refer to Table 13, and Tables 19-22 for details.

- There were no exceedances of the air quality goals at the WCX Campbell Street, Ramsay Street and Wattle Street stations for the reporting month.
- There was a PM<sub>10</sub> 24-hourly exceedance of the air quality goals at the WCX Albert Street for the reporting month.

Please refer to Tables 14-17 in Section 5.2 – Air Quality Monthly Summary for further information.

## Appendix 1 - Definitions & Abbreviations

ERS	Environmental Reporting Services
AQMS	Air Quality Monitoring Station
AQM	Air Quality Monitor
BAM	Beta Attenuation Monitors
TEOM	Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance
°	Degrees (True North)
K	Kelvin
LDL	Lower Detectable Limit
$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	Micrograms per cubic metre at standard temperature and pressure (0°C and 101.3 kPa)
AT	Ambient Temperature
calm	Wind conditions where the wind speed is below the operating range of the wind sensor
CO	Carbon monoxide
$\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$	Milligrams per cubic metre at standard temperature and pressure (0°C and 101.3 kPa)
mm	Millimeter
NO	Nitric oxide
NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen dioxide
NO <sub>x</sub>	Oxides of nitrogen
PM <sub>10</sub>	Particulate less than 10 microns in equivalent aerodynamic diameter
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Particulate less than 2.5 microns in equivalent aerodynamic diameter

ppb	Parts per billion
ppm	Parts per million
RH	Relative Humidity
WD	Vector Wind Direction
WS	Vector Wind Speed

## Appendix 2 - Explanation of Exception Table

**Automatic filter tape advance** refers to the movement of the filter paper by the analyser to an unused spot.

**Automatic background check** refers to when analyser samples zero air and measures the level of the concentration voltage. This voltage is taken as the zero signal level and this value is subtracted from any subsequent readings as an active zero compensation. This is the analyser's fine zero measurement.

**Automatic span/zero check.** The E-Sampler is programmed to perform a zero calibration check whereby air is passed through filter element, removing particulates, before entering the sensor in the analyser. Data is invalidated when these checks occur.

**Beta count failure** refers to a fault in the functioning of the EBAM. A one minute beta count was less than the maximum acceptable counts during operation.

**Calibration check outside tolerance** refers to when the calibration values are outside the tolerance limits set for the precision check.

**Calibration correction factor applied to data** refers to an offset or multiplier applied to the data. This operation may be performed for a number of reasons including: (a) when a clear trend / drift outside the tolerance limit can be demonstrated by repeated operation precision checks, (b) when a correction is required on previously logged data due to a calibration check being outside the allowable tolerance

**Commissioning** refers to the initial setup and calibration of the instrument when it is first installed. For some instruments there may be a stabilisation period before normal operation commences.

**Data transmission error** refers to a period of time when the instrument could not transmit data. This may be due to interference, or a problem with the phone line or modem.

**Equipment malfunction/instrument fault** refers to a period of time when the instrument was not in the normal operating mode and did not measure a representative value of the existing conditions.

**Gap in data/data not available** refers to a period of time when either data has been lost or could not be collected.

**Instrument Alarm** refers to an alarm produced by the instrument. A range of alarms can be produced depending on how operation of the instrument is being affected.

**Instrument out of service** refers to a lack of data due to an instrument being shut down for repair, maintenance, or factory calibration.

**Linear offset or multiplier** refers to when an offset or multiplier has been applied between two points where the values of the offset or multiplier are different and the correction is interpolated between the two points.

**Logger error** refers to when an error occurs and instrument readings are not correctly recorded by the logger.

**Maintenance** refers to a period of time when the logger/instrument was switched off due to maintenance.

**Overnight span/zero out of tolerance** refers to when the span/zero reading measured by the analyser during an automatic precision check falls outside of the expected concentration limits.

**Overnight zero out of tolerance** refers to when the automatic zero reading measured by the analyser falls outside the expected limits.

**Power Interruption** refers to no power to the station therefore no data was collected at this time.

**Remote Calibration** refers to when a technician remotely connects to the station and manually performs a span check.

**Static offset or multiplier** refers to when a single offset or multiplier has been applied to the data between two points either to increase or decrease the measured value.

**Tape break** refers to the breaking of the EBAM/BAM sample tape during operation.

**Warm up after power interruption** refers to the startup period of an instrument after power has been restored.

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### Appendix 3 - Amendment

This amended report supersedes previously issued version of the report. Refer to the revision history table on page 2 for details of previous versions. The following modifications have been made in this revision:

- Tables' header colour has been changed to Acoem Australasia's new template colour.
- Report summary on page 6 has been updated.
- Rectified mistyping errors in table numbers and corrected the contents of table 9, 10, 11 12 and 18.
- Added more explanatory details to the 6 monthly maintenance jobs rows on table 21 and 22 as per customer's request.